TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



CORRECTED FISCAL NOTE

SB 73 - HB 63

February 9, 2015

SUMMARY OF BILL: Authorizes the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture (DOA) to deny, revoke, suspend, or modify any license, charter, or certification, and to impose civil penalties up to \$1,000, or issue warning notices, for violations of the Tennessee Application of Pesticides Act of 1978, without first having to conduct a hearing.

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

On January 29, 2015 the fiscal note for this bill was erroneously issued without the required commerce impact statement. The fiscal note is being corrected to include a commerce impact statement. The fiscal impact estimated for state government remains unchanged.

Increase State Revenue – Exceeds \$2,000/Agriculture Regulatory Fund

Assumptions:

- Pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. § 62-21-118, the Commissioner of DOA has the power and duty to administer the provisions of the Tennessee Application of Pesticides Act of 1978 (the Act).
- Pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. § 62-21-119(a), the Commissioner is required to conduct a hearing for the purpose of denying, revoking, suspending, or modifying a license, charter or certification, when a person has violated provisions of the Act.
- The Uniform Administrative Procedures Act (UAPA), specifically Tenn. Code Ann. § 4-5-320(c), requires a hearing for proceedings affecting a license or permit.
- Section 1 of this bill removes the requirement pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. § 62-21-119(a), but the requirement pursuant to the UAPA will remain.
- DOA confirms that the Department will be regulated by the UAPA with respect to license and permit issues if this bill is enacted. As a result, the Commissioner will still be required to conduct hearings on such issues. Therefore, any fiscal impact applicable to hearings is considered to be not significant.
- According to DOA, civil penalties may not be imposed under current law on a person who has not obtained a charter, license, or certificate, or on individuals that have let their charter, license, or certificate expire. DOA indicated that enactment of this bill will

- provide the Department the ability to assess civil penalties on such individuals up to a maximum of \$1,000.
- Based on information provided by DOA, the average civil penalty is estimated to be \$250.
- According to the DOA, the department issues approximately 81 civil penalties per year under current law.
- It is estimated that a minimum of eight additional civil penalties will be assessed per year as a result of this bill.
- DOA indicates that any civil penalty revenue will be deposited to the Agriculture Regulatory Fund
- The recurring increase in state revenue to the Agriculture Regulatory Fund is estimated to exceed \$2,000 (\$250 average penalty x 8 minimum additional penalties) per year.

IMPACT TO COMMERCE:

Increase Business Expenditures - Exceeds \$2,000

Assumption:

• The minimum eight additional civil penalties will be paid by pesticide applicator businesses found in violation of Tennessee Application of Pesticides Act. As a result, the recurring increase in business expenditures is estimated to exceed \$2,000.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Jeffrey L. Spalding, Executive Director

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